Summer Review Packet

for Prospective AP

Calculus Students

Name____

Summer Packet for AP Calculus Candidates - 2008

All problems on this packet must be completed prior to the first day of class. No problem should be left undone. It's your responsibility to find a way to learn anything that you don't remember from Precalculus. Do these problems on your own paper and have them prepared to turn in to your AP Calc teacher.

I. Find the following.

1.
$$\lim_{x \to -5} \frac{x-5}{x+5}$$

1.
$$\lim_{x \to -5} \frac{x-5}{x+5}$$
 2. $\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{2-x}{(x-2)^3}$ 3. $\lim_{x \to -3} \frac{x+3}{x^3+8}$

3.
$$\lim_{x \to -3} \frac{x+3}{x^3+8}$$

4.
$$\lim_{x \to 4} \frac{3\sqrt{x} - 6}{x - 4}$$

5.
$$\lim_{x \to 21} \frac{\frac{3}{x-7} - \frac{3}{14}}{x-21}$$

6.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{9x^3 - 3x + 8}{5 - 2x - x^2 + 11x^3}$$

7.
$$\lim_{x\to\infty} \frac{7x^2 - 8x + \pi}{5x - 2}$$

8.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{6x + 9x^2 - x^3}{3x^2 + 1}$$

9.
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{7x^3 - 6x^2 + 8}{9 - x}$$

10.
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\cos x}{\cot x}$$

11.
$$\lim_{x \to -1} \operatorname{Tan}^{-1} x$$

12.
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \sec \frac{\pi x}{4}$$

13.
$$\lim_{x \to \frac{\pi}{4}} \sec x$$

14.
$$\lim_{x \to -5} \csc \frac{\pi x}{3}$$

15.
$$\lim_{x \to -4} \frac{x+4}{x^2+16}$$

16.
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{4 - 4\cos x}{x}$$

17.
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 5x}{x}$$

18.
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{3x}{\pi \sin 8x}$$

19.
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\tan x}{x}$$

20.
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^3 - 1}{x - 2}$$

21.
$$\lim_{x \to -67} [x]$$

22.
$$\lim_{x \to -3} \frac{|x+3|}{x+3}$$

II. Use the Definition of Derivative to find the f'(x), for

1.
$$f(x) = x^3 - x$$

2.
$$f(x) = -\frac{2}{x^3}$$

3.
$$f(x) = 2\sqrt{x+2}$$

III. Use the Alternate Form of the Derivative:

1. Find
$$f'(2)$$
 if $f(x) = x^2 - x$

2.
$$f'(1)$$
 if $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & x < 1 \\ \frac{1}{x}, & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$

$$\text{IV. Consider f(x)} = \begin{cases} x^2 - 1 &, -1 \le x < 0 \\ 2x &, 0 < x < 1 \\ 1 &, x = 1 \end{cases}. \text{ Find the following:} \\ -2x + 4, 1 < x < 2 \\ 0 &, 2 < x < 3 \end{cases}$$

1. Sketch f(x) from [-1,3).

Prove/Disprove that f (x) is continuous at x = 1.

Classify all discontinuities of f (x) as removable or nonremovable.

2. Prove/Disprove that f (x) is continuous at x = 0

4. Prove/Disprove that f (x) is continuous at x = 2.

6. Prove that f (x) is NOT differentiable at x = 2.

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V. If $s(t) = -16t^2 + 128t$, t in seconds and s in feet, is the position function of a particle launched from ground level, find the following:

1. Initial height.

3. The velocity function.

5. When is the acceleration 0?

7. The speed when it hits the ground

2. Initial velocity.

4. The maximum height.

6. The flight time.

8. Average speed between t = 5 and t = 7.

9. Is the speed increasing or decreasing at t = 4.1 seconds. Justify your answer.

VI. Using Derivative Rules, differentiate the following. Use correct notation.

1.
$$y = \sqrt[3]{x}$$

2.
$$f(x) = x^{3/5} - 4x^{1/2} - \frac{1}{x}$$

3.
$$f(x) = (x^2 + 2)^2$$

4.
$$f(x) = \frac{2x^5 + 8x^3 + x}{x^3}$$
 5. $f(x) = x^2 + 13x + \pi^3$

5.
$$f(x) = x^2 + 13x + \pi^3$$

6.
$$h(x) = \sqrt[3]{x} + \sqrt[5]{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

VII. Solve the following.

1. Write an equation of the line tangent to $f(x) = 6x - 2x^2 - 7x^3$ at x = -1.

2. Write an equation of the line normal to $y = \sqrt{x} + 5x$ at x = 4.

3. Find the equation(s) of the line(s) tangent to $f(x) = x^3$ with slope $\frac{4}{3}$.

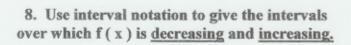
VIII. Answer the questions from the sketch at right.

4.
$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

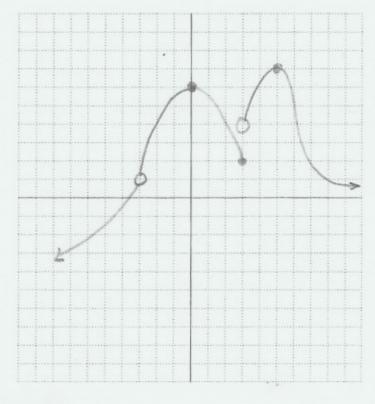
5.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} f(x) =$$

6.
$$\lim_{x \to -3} f(x) =$$

7.
$$\lim_{x \to -3^+} f(x) =$$



9. Give the domain and range of f (x).



Give the intervals over which f (x) is differentiable.

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IX. Write as a function of a single variable.

2.
$$25-50\sin^2 10\beta$$
 3. $\sin 3x \cos 3x$

4.
$$\frac{1}{2}\sin\theta\cos\theta$$

5.
$$\pi \cos^2 \pi x - \pi \sin^2 \pi x$$
 6. $100 \cos^2 50 \alpha - 50$

6.
$$100\cos^2 50\alpha - 50$$

$$7. \frac{2 \tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x}$$

X. Memorize the following:

1.
$$1 + \tan^2 x = \sec^2 x$$

$$4. \cos \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}}$$

2.
$$1 + \cot^2 x = \csc^2 x$$

$$5. \sin \frac{\alpha}{2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{2}}$$

3.
$$\cos 2x = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x$$

 $\cos 2x = 1 - 2\sin^2 x$

6.
$$\cos (\alpha \pm \beta) = \cos \alpha \cos \beta \mp \sin \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\cos 2x = 2\cos^2 x - 1$$

7.
$$\sin (\alpha \pm \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta \pm \cos \alpha \sin \beta$$

$$\cos 2x = 2\cos^2 x - 1$$

XI. Factor and Simplify:

$$\frac{\left(x^2+4\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}-x\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)\left(x^2+4\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}\left(2x\right)}{\left(x^2+4\right)^{\frac{4}{3}}}$$

XII. Find the following:

1.
$$\cos \frac{4\pi}{3}$$

2.
$$\csc \frac{17\pi}{6}$$

3.
$$\tan \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

1.
$$\cos \frac{4\pi}{3}$$
 2. $\csc \frac{17\pi}{6}$ 3. $\tan \frac{7\pi}{4}$ 4. $\sec -\frac{25\pi}{6}$ 5. $\cot 5.68^R$ 6. $\csc .11^R$ 7. $\csc^{-1}(-1)$ 8. $\sec^{-1}(2.3114)$ 9. $\cos^{-1}(-1)$ 10. $\csc^{-1}(4.4444)$

7.
$$\csc^{-1}(-1)$$

9.
$$\cos^{-1}(-1)$$

XIII. Solve over $0 \le x \le 2\pi$.

1.
$$\tan x = .2318$$

2.
$$\sin x = -.5057$$

3.
$$\cos x = -2.6198$$